

JOHANNESBURG WATER (SOC) Ltd.
BULK WASTEWATER

PARTICULAR SPECIFICATION
VOLUME 23 : PRESSURE MEASUREMENT



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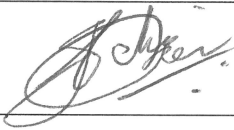


DOCUMENT CONTROL SHEET

Document Title: Particular Specification – VOLUME 23 : Pressure Measurement

JW Reference: BWW523C

Document Ref. No: VOLUME 23

DOCUMENT APPROVAL

ACTION	FUNCTION	NAME	DATE	SIGNATURE
Prepared	HOD	C. Du Toit	2019-08-26	
Reviewed	Engineer	L. Gobinca	2019-08-26	
Approved	Manager	T. Thabeng	09/09/2019	

RECORD OF REVISIONS

Date	Revision	Author	Comments
2019-08-26	8	C. Du Toit	Cover page updated
2019-06-15	7	C. Du Toit	Added remote transmitters as requested by JW.
2018-11-30	6	C. Du Toit	Added reference to Labelling specification and made
2014-04-17	5	C. Du Toit	Added reference to FJB specification.
2013-10-07	4	C. Du Toit	Updated footer
2012-07-27	3	C. Du Toit	Updated headers & footers.
2012-03-08	2	C. Du Toit	Changed (Pty) to (SOC).
2007-03-28	1	C. Du Toit	Final copy issued for approval and sign-off

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23 PRESSURE MEASUREMENT

23.1 Scope

23.1.1 This specification covers the supply and installation of Pressure meters, complete with sensors, transmitters, indicators, panels, etc. used for process monitoring and control applications at Johannesburg Water wastewater sites.

23.2 Abbreviations

23.2.1 In this specification the following abbreviations will apply :-

BS	: British Standards
PLC	: Programmable Logic Controller
I/O	: Input/Output
CPU	: Central Processing Unit
UPS	: Uninterruptible Power Supply
MCC	: Motor Control Centre
MCB	: Miniature Circuit Breaker
SPD	: Surge Protection Device
FJB	: Field Junction Box
SSO	: Switched Socket Outlet
SPDT	: Single Pole Double Throw (refers to relay or switch contact arrangements).
LCD	: Liquid Crystal Display
LED	: Light Emitting Diode
O&M	: Operating And Maintenance

23.3 Standards

23.3.1 The supply and installation of all Pressure meters and associated cabling, panels and any other equipment shall be subject to the latest amendments and editions of the following standard specifications:-

SANS 10142-1	: National Standards for the wiring of premises.
SANS 1091:2004	: National Colour Standard.
SANS 1274-2005	: Coatings applied by the powder-coating process.
BS 381C:1980	: Paint colour chart.

23.4 General Requirements

23.4.1 This specification must be read in conjunction with the following specifications:-

- 23.4.1.1 PLC Panels Specification (Volume 3 of the Automation And Control Standards).
- 23.4.1.2 Clean Power And Surge Protection Specification (Volume 5 of the Automation And Control Standards).
- 23.4.1.3 Cabling Specification (Volume 6 of the Automation And Control Standards).
- 23.4.1.4 Field Junction Boxes And Panels (Volume 19 of the Automation And Control Standards).
- 23.4.1.5 Labelling (Volume 25 of the Automation And Control Standards).
- 23.4.2 Where cables are exposed to physical damage (including damage from rodents) armoured cables must be used or un-armoured cables must be run in steel conduit.
- 23.4.3 All power supply cables to instruments must have a black outer sheath, while all control cables (such as digital and analogue signals to PLC's) must have an orange outer sheath as specified in the Cabling Specification (Volume 6 of the Automation And Control Standards).
- 23.4.4 FJBs and as far as practically possible all instrument sensors and transmitters, must be mounted such that all equipment, wiring, numbers, terminations, etc. are readily accessible and can be viewed clearly. No equipment may be mounted such that it becomes a hazard or dangerous to view or gain access to such equipment.
- 23.4.5 Where sensors and/or transmitters cannot be mounted where they are readily accessible, the installation must be done in such a way that the sensor or transmitter can easily be moved to a safe and convenient position for testing, maintenance, replacement, etc. (e.g. by using hinged brackets, telescopic brackets, etc.).
- 23.4.6 Where transmitters can be exposed to the elements (wind, rain, ultra violet, etc.) such transmitters must be installed inside the FJB. Where transmitters are protected from the elements (i.e. inside buildings) but they are exposed to potentially harmful conditions like moisture from splashing or equipment being hosed down, or the sensor is in such a position that the transmitter display is not clearly visible from floor level, without the need to climb onto ladders or structures to access it, the transmitter must also be installed inside the FJB. Only where transmitters are not exposed to the elements or any other harsh or potentially harmful conditions and where the displays on such transmitters are clearly legible by an average person standing on the ground or the normal walking surface (e.g. grating above ground level), or where it is not practically possible (for example where a transmitter is screwed directly into a socket in a pipe or vessel), can the transmitter be mounted outside the FJB.
- 23.4.7 FJBs must be mounted against a wall or structure or on a sturdy pedestal such that the top of the FJB enclosure is no higher than 1.8 m from the floor and easily accessible from the front.
- 23.4.8 All instrument installations must be done in accordance with the manufacturer's requirements and recommendations for proper operation. It is the tenderer's responsibility to ensure that he/she is familiar with both the requirements of the manufacturer as well as the installation requirements, in terms of location, site conditions, materials, equipment or substances to be measured (e.g. hot liquids, acids, abrasive material, etc.) and to ensure that if there are potential problems, they can be pointed out and rectified before orders for equipment are placed.

- 23.4.9 Costs incurred for alterations required to ensure proper operation of instruments, after orders have been placed, will be for the tenderer's account. For example, if instruments have been ordered and it is found there is insufficient space to install the instrument, or the instrument is not flooded with liquid all the time as it is required for proper operation, or the instrument transmitter is sometimes flooded in its installed position, or the sensing head is sometimes outside the medium it is supposed to measure, or the instrument linings are damaged by abrasive liquids, or the sensor does not have a suitable range of measurement, etc. alterations or replacements required to rectify such problems will be for the tenderer's account if the Engineer finds that the tenderer was negligent in his/her assessment of the installation.
- 23.4.10 Each instrument must be equipped with a circuit breaker connected to the power supply of the instrument, to enable local isolation in case of repairs or replacement.
- 23.4.11 The supplier of the instrument must be present for the installation, testing and commissioning of the instrument on site. Due allowance must be made for this in the tender sum.
- 23.4.12 The tenderer must supply a complete and detailed set of documentation for the installation, connections, terminations, power supply, technical details, setting up, calibration (if applicable), testing, etc. of the instrument for inclusion in a final O&M manual.
- 23.4.13 Completed data sheets are required as part of the returnable documents of each tender. Failure to complete these data sheets, supplied at the end of this specification, will lead to disqualification of the tender.

23.5 Surge Protection

- 23.5.1 Each instrument and its associated equipment must be suitably protected against surges from induced voltages, switching of equipment, lightning strikes, etc. as detailed in the Clean Power And Surge Protection Specification (Volume 5 of the Automation And Control Standards).
- 23.5.2 The power supply to the instrument must be equipped with suitable surge protection, both at the instrument and at the source of the power supply (i.e. at the distribution board, MCC, PLC panel, etc.), as detailed in the Clean Power And Surge Protection Specification (Volume 5 of the Automation And Control Standards).
- 23.5.3 Both the digital and analogue signals between the instrument and other remote devices (such as the PLC), must be equipped with suitable surge protection, both at the instrument and at the remote device as detailed in the Clean Power And Surge Protection Specification (Volume 5 of the Automation And Control Standards).

23.6 Pressure Measurement – Controller/Transmitter

- 23.6.1 All instrument transmitter enclosures must have at least an IP 65 or higher rating.
- 23.6.2 The instrument must be equipped with a 4 – 20mA output which will be connected to a maximum 500 ohm load. If a pressure switch is required, the instrument must be equipped with two digital outputs of which the pressure operating value can be adjusted.

- 23.6.3 The transmitter must be equipped with an LCD or LED display to show the instantaneous pressure (for analogue or digital (pressure switch) instruments).
- 23.6.4 The transmitter must be mounted inside and IJB (Instrument Junction Box) which will be located in a suitable area for viewing, maintenance, etc. I.e. instruments with a transmitter local to the sensor will not be accepted.
- 23.6.5 The transmitter must have an error of not more than 0.2% of the full scale value for analogue instruments. This error must include non-linearity, hysteresis, repeatability plus zero-point and full scale deviations. If the error is defined by the maximum deviation of the transmitter output from a best fit straight line (B.F.S.L) in any one calibration cycle, this error must not be greater than 0.1% of the span (or full scale value). For digital instruments (pressure switch) the combined error (including non-linearity, hysteresis, zero point and full scale error) must not be greater than 1%.
- 23.6.6 The transmitter must be suitable for an ambient operating temperature range of -10°C to +50°C.

23.7 Pressure Measurement – Sensor/Transducer

- 23.7.1 All pressure measurements must be done by using a threaded instrument with a flush diaphragm sensor to ensure that there are no parts protruding into a pipe or vessel and which can lead to snagging of material in the medium being measured.
- 23.7.2 The range of the sensor must be suitable for the application (see items 23.4.8 and 23.4.9 of this specification).
- 23.7.3 The sensor must be suitable for an operating temperature range of -10°C to +100°C.
- 23.7.4 The sensor must be equipped with automatic temperature compensation.
- 23.7.5 The sensor must have an overpressure safety of not less than 1.33 times the measuring range.
- 23.7.6 The sensor diaphragm material must be ceramic.

23.8 Spares

- 23.8.1 The tenderer will be required to provide a recommended spares list for three years maintenance. This item must be completed so that spares may be ordered as part of the capital contract. Tenderers ignoring this condition may be disqualified.

23.9 Data Sheets

- 23.9.1 All data sheets in the attached Appendix 1 must be completed.

APPENDIX 1

DATA SHEET – PRESSURE METER

DESCRIPTION	DATA
Make/Manufacturer	
Type/Model	
Power Supply (Voltage)	
Analogue Output Type	
Digital Output Quantity, Type & Rating (E.g. 2 x PNP, 250mA) & Programmable (Y/N)?	
Controller/Transmitter Enclosure Rating	
Controller/Transmitter Accuracy	
Resolution	
Display Data & Type (E.g. instantaneous pressure & LCD)	
Transmitter ambient temperature range	
Sensor temperature operating range	
Sensor process connection - Flush diaphragm (Y/N)?	
Transducer/Sensor temperature compensation (Y/N)?	
Sensor overpressure safety rating (??? times range)	
Local agent (Y/N)?	
Local agent contact details.	
Guarantee period	